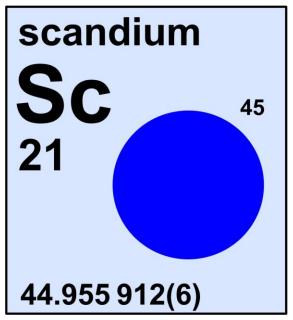
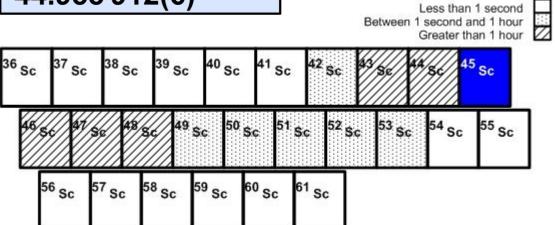
# scandium



| Stable           | Atomic mass* | Mole     |
|------------------|--------------|----------|
| isotope          |              | fraction |
| <sup>45</sup> Sc | 44.955 9119  | 1.0000   |

<sup>\*</sup> Atomic mass given in unified atomic mass units, u.

Half-life of redioactive isotope



## Important applications of stable and/or radioactive isotopes

### Isotopes in medicine

- 1) <sup>46</sup>Sc is used as a non-absorbed reference material for determining digestibility and gastrointestinal absorption and secretion sites for nutrients associated with feed residues in ruminating animals.
- 2) <sup>46</sup>Sc is used in isotope-carrying antibodies and bonded with tumor associated cell surface antigens. <sup>46</sup>Sc is added to DPTA-derivatized monoclonal antibody and has been shown to target specifically tumor cells in vivo and to accumulate to high levels in the tumor.
- 3) <sup>46</sup>Sc has high energy gamma emissions which makes it cytotoxic without requiring internalization.

#### Isotopes in industry

1) <sup>46</sup>Sc is a beta emitter and can be used in oil refinery crackers for crude oil as a tracing agent.

#### Isotopes in tracer studies

- 1) Radioactive isotope <sup>46</sup>Sc can be used for sediment labeling. This helps to determine the transportation of sediments by water flow in rivers, estuaries, harbors and seas. The half life of <sup>46</sup>Sc is about 84 days and when released into an estuary with similar grain density and grain size a gamma spectrograph can be used to measure the intensities of <sup>46</sup>Sc in the sediments and the movement of sediments can be determined.
- 2) Coastal engineers use <sup>46</sup>Sc to develop dredging strategies and to design navigation channels based on silt movement.



Figure 1: Sediment flow in Argentina after flooding.